

# **Installation Manual**

Navico Broadband Radar BR24

English



## **Preface**

## Industry Canada

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

#### **FCC Statement**



This equipment has been tested and complies with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a normal installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an output on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced technician for help.
- A shielded cable must be used when connecting a peripheral to the serial ports.



Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### **CE Compliance**



Hereby, Navico Auckland Ltd. declares that this BR24 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.



Navico Auckland Ltd. vakuuttaa täten että BR24 tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.



Hierbij verklaart Navico Auckland Ltd. dat het toestel BR24 in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG.



Par la présente, Navico Auckland Ltd. déclare que ce BR24 est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions de la directive 1999/5/CE qui lui sont applicables.



Härmed intygar Navico Auckland Ltd. att denna BR24 står i överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.



Undertegnede Navico Auckland Ltd. erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr BR24 overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/ EF.



Hiermit erklärt Navico Auckland Ltd., dass sich dieses BR24 in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den anderen relevanten Vorschriften der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet. (BMWi)



Με την παρουσα Navico Auckland Ltd. δηλωνει οτι BR24 συμμορφωνεται προς τις ουσιωδεις απαιτησεις και τις λοιπες σχετικες διαταξεις της οδηγιας 1999/5/ΕΚ.



Con la presente Navico Auckland Ltd. dichiara che questo BR24 è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 1999/5/CE.



Por medio de la presente Navico Auckland Ltd. declara que el BR24 cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.



Navico Auckland Ltd. declara que este BR24 está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras provisões da Directiva 1999/5/CE.

The equipment named in this declaration, is intended for use in international waters as well as coastal sea areas administered by countries of the E.U. and E.E.A.

#### **Radar Transmit Emissions**

This is the first marine recreational radar that has Human Exposure Level RF Radiation of the Radar Transmitter outside the Radome well below the general public safety emission level of 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. This means the radar can be mounted safely in locations impossible with other pulse radars.



The broadband radar will not trigger X Band radar transponders, beacons, and SARTs due to the low output power and signal properties.



If a pulse radar and Broadband radar are mounted on the same vessel, do not transmit simultaneously as excessive interference is possible.

#### Disclaimer

As Navico is continuously improving this product, we retain the right to make changes to the product at any time which may not be reflected in this version of the manual. Please contact your nearest distributor if you require any further assistance.

It is the owner's sole responsibility to install and use the instrument and transducers in a manner that will not cause accidents, personal injury or property damage. The user of this product is solely responsible for observing safe boating practices.

NAVICO HOLDING AS. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES, BRANCHES AND AFFILIATES DISCLAIM ALL LIABILITY FOR ANY USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN A WAY THAT MAY CAUSE ACCIDENTS, DAMAGE OR THAT MAY VIOLATE THE LAW.

Governing Language: This statement, any instruction manuals, user guides and other information relating to the product (Documentation) may be translated to, or has been translated from, another language (Translation). In the event of any conflict between any Translation of the Documentation, the English language version of the Documentation will be the official version of the Documentation.

This manual represents the product as at the time of printing. Navico Holding AS. and its subsidiaries, branches and affiliates reserve the right to make changes to specifications without notice.

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#### Warranty

The warranty card is supplied as a separate document.

It is shipped with the product registration card.

In case of any queries, refer to the brand web site of your display or system.

www.lowrance.com

www.northstarnav.com

www.simrad-yachting.com

## Feedback from you

Your feedback is important and helps Navico ensure that this manual is a valuable resource for all marine technicians. E-mail your comments or suggestions about this manual to the following address: tech.writing@navico.com

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## 1 Introduction to the Navico Broadband radar system

#### Welcome

Congratulations of your purchase of the latest technology available in recreational marine radar. The special features designed into this radar are:

- "Revolutionary improvement in situational awareness" Provides unprecedented ability to distinguish hazards and other objects
- Radar is finally easy enough for casual users identifies targets clearly with out complicated tuning adjustments.
- Navigation with unparalleled resolution and clarity at close ranges, where traditional radar completely obscures targets.
- "Start faster, go longer" 100% solid state design no powerful microwave transmitter required! – provides InstantOn™ power up capability and low power consumption
- Eliminate the 2-3 minute warm-up time typical of traditional radars
- Conserve power with a standby drain less than one tenth of the best existing radars especially great for sailboats and smaller power boats
- No expensive magnetron replacement is ever required
- "Incredibly approachable" practically imperceptible transmit emissions are extremely safe, allowing you to mount it anywhere
- Less than 1/10th the transmitted emissions of a mobile phone, can be safely mounted in proximity to passengers
- · Compatible with a wide range of Navico multi-function displays and heading sensors

#### What is Broadband radar?

The Navico Broadband radar uses FMCW (Frequency Modulated Continuous Wave) radar technology.

#### What is FMCW?

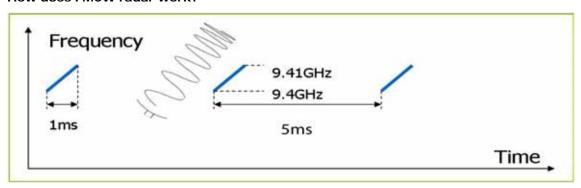
The current normal leisure radar generates microwave pulses with a thermionic device called a magnetron. This ancient technology transmits bursts of high power microwave energy periodically, and the radar detector listens to the echoes coming back from each pulse. As the radar rotates, these echoes are built into a 360 degree image.

#### FMCW radar is different:

Firstly it is solid state – i.e. the transmitter is a semiconductor device, not based on magnetron technology. Secondly, it transmits a 1ms long signal of increasing frequency, rather than a short duration pulse. Thirdly, it measures the distance to a target not by timing the returned echoes, but by measuring the difference between the current transmitted frequency and echoed frequency. Hence FMCW – Frequency Modulated Continuous Wave.

The building up of the image over 360 degrees and the processing of the radar data is the same as for a magnetron radar.

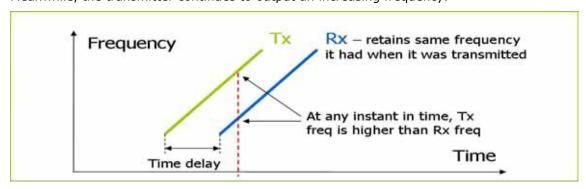
#### How does FMCW radar work?



#### FMCW = Frequency Modulated Continuous Wave

The scanner transmits a 'rising tone' (Tx wave) with linearly increasing frequency. The wave propagates out from the transmitter retaining the frequency it had when it was transmitted. If it reflects off an object, it will return to the receiver, still at the frequency it had when originally transmitted.

Meanwhile, the transmitter continues to output an increasing frequency.



The difference between both the currently transmitted and received frequencies, coupled with the known rate of frequency increase, allows a time of flight to be calculated, from which distance is calculated.

#### Additional benefits of FMCW radar are:

#### Safety:

- low energy emissions. 1/10th of a mobile phone
- safe operation in anchorages and marinas
- instant power up. No warm up required

#### Short range performance -

- broadband radar can see within a few meters of the boat, compared to pulse radars which can not see closer than 30 meters
- · higher resolution clearly separates individual vessels and objects
- Up to five times better sea and rain clutter performance

#### Low power -

- · suitable for small boats and yachts
- easier installation with lighter cabling
- · great for yachts on ocean passage

#### Instant power-up -

- conventional radars take 2-3 minutes to heat up the filament: Safety 2 minutes is a long time if you are concerned about collision; and
- convenience switch it on and use it.

#### Easy to use

- no constant adjusting required to obtain optimum performance
- no re-tuning between ranges. Means fast range change at all ranges.

## Radar system overview

The Navico Broadband radar is a state of the art navigation aid. It provides outstanding radar performance without the limitations of conventional pulse radars such as: dangerous high power microwaves, standby warm up time, 30 m blind spot (mainbang), high power consumption and large open arrays - which is what would be required to obtain the same image quality at shorter ranges.

The Navico Broadband radar has an effective range from 200 ft to 24 nm and has an operating power consumption of 19 W and stand-by power consumption of 2 W.

The system consists of: radar scanner, an interface box and an interconnection cable. The scanner is housed in a dome of similar size to most 2 kW radars on the market.

The interface box is used to connect displays, power and heading information. There are two models: RI10 and RI11. Depending on the display system used, the main difference is that one has a SimNet (Simrad NMEA 2000) connector for heading input (RI10). The other interface box (RI11) has a connector to interface to RS422 displays and NMEA 0183 heading sensors. Both interface boxes have a Network connector to interface to Ethernet displays.



Lowrance HDS units sold in the USA do not require an interface box and the scanner connects directly to the display or Ethernet switch

Brand	Model	Radar interface box used	Data connection protocol	Chart overlay	MARPA
Lowrance	HDS USA	N/A	Ethernet	Yes*	No
Lowrance	HDS R.O.W	RI11	Ethernet	Yes*	No
Simrad	GB40	RI10	Ethernet	Yes*	Yes**
Northstar	8000i	RI11	Ethernet	Yes*	Yes**
Northstar	8000i + N2k	RI10	Ethernet	Yes*	Yes**
Northstar	M series	RI11	RS422	Yes*	No
Simrad	NX40/45	RI11	RS422	Yes*	No

<sup>\*</sup>For best chart overlay performance use a heading sensor. Course over ground can be used but only when moving

<sup>\*\*</sup> For MARPA it is essential to use a heading sensor with an output speed of 10 Hz. Heading sensor needs to be a rate gyro stabilized compass or better.

# 2 Install the radar

Installation includes:

- Mechanical mounting
- · Electrical wiring
- Configuring the display or network system to work with the radar
- Adjusting the radar for proper performance



Follow these instructions carefully. Don't take any shortcuts!



The broadband radar is factory sealed. It is not necessary to remove the cover. Removing the cover will void the factory warranty.

This section explains how to:

- Choose the correct location for the scanner
- Install the scanner on a power boat or a yacht
- Choose the correct location for the radar interface box if one is required
- Install the radar interface box (if required)



Please take a moment and check the separate packing list to make sure all components have been supplied

#### Choose the scanner location

The radar's ability to detect targets greatly depends on the position of its scanner. The ideal location for the scanner is high above the vessel's keel line where there are no obstacles.

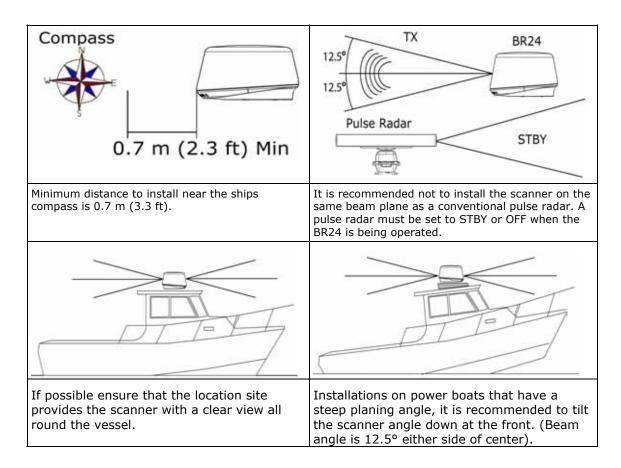
A higher installation position increases the radar ranging distance, but it also increases the minimum range around the vessel where targets cannot be detected.

When you're deciding on the location, consider the following:

- The length of the interconnection cable supplied with your radar is usually sufficient. If you think you'll need a longer cable, consult your dealer before installation. Optional cable lengths are 10 m (33 ft), 20 m (65.5 ft) and 30 m (98 ft).
- If you mount the scanner on a pedestal or base, ensure that rain and sea spray can drain away rapidly, and the breather hole in the base can operate.
- The scanner is usually installed parallel to the line of the keel.

#### DON'T DO THIS!

- DON'T install the scanner too high up, which may cause degradation of the radar picture over short ranges.
- DON'T install the scanner close to lamps or exhaust outlets. The heat emissions may damage the dome. Soot and smoke will degrade the performance of the radar.
- DON'T install the scanner close to the antennas of other equipment such as direction finders, VHF antennas, GPS equipment as it may cause interference.
- DON'T install the scanner where a large obstruction (such as an exhaust stack) is at the same level as the beam, because the obstruction is likely to generate false echoes and/or shadow zones.
- DON'T install the scanner where it will be subjected to strong vibrations because these vibrations could degrade the performance of the radar.
- DON'T install the scanner such that boat electronics with switch mode power supplies (such as fish-finders and chart plotters) are in the beam of the antenna.



## Mounting the scanner

- Use the supplied mounting template and tape it securely to the chosen location site.
- Before drilling, check that:
  - you have oriented the mounting template correctly so that the front of the scanner unit will face the front of the vessel
  - the location site is not more than 18 mm (0.7") thick. If the location site is thicker use longer bolts

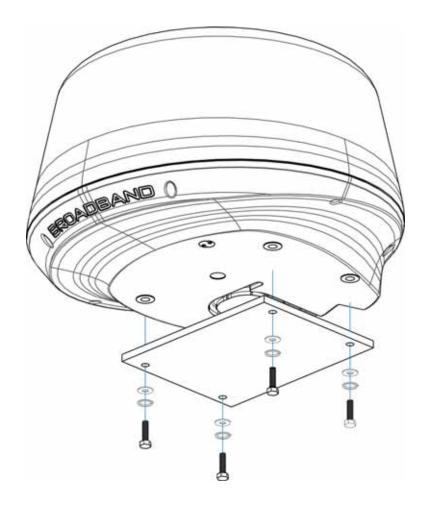


The four bolts supplied are M8 x 30 mm. If you need to use longer bolts make sure they are marine grade stainless steel and allow for minimum of 8 mm (0.3") and maximum of 18 mm (0.7") of thread contact.

- Use a 9.5 mm (3/8") drill bit to drill the four holes where shown on the mounting template.
- Remove the mounting template.
- Connect the scanner interconnection cable (see "Connect interconnection cable to the scanner" page 13)
- Route the connection cable through the cable retention channel.
- Position the scanner carefully over the bolt holes so that they are aligned.
- Place a lock washer and a plain washer onto each bolt, as shown.
- Insert bolt into drill hole and locate into scanners threaded mounting holes and tighten securely.

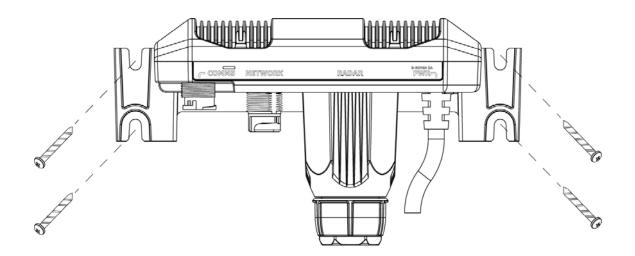


The torque settings for the mounting bolts are 12 Nm - 18 Nm (8.9 lb ft - 13.3 lb ft)



## Mounting the radar interface box

- Install the radar interface box (where applicable) in a dry location away from spray, rain, drips and condensation.
- The radar interface box must be located where it can be easily connected to the ship's power source, the scanner interconnection cable, and the display or display network.
- Allow enough room for cables to form a drip loop.
- Preferably mount the radar interface box on a vertical surface with cables exiting downwards.
- Insert connectors (see "Connect the interconnection cable to radar interface box" page 14).
- Secure to the surface using the four mounting points.



## 3 Wiring the radar system

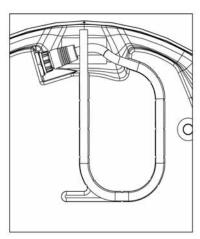
#### Connect interconnection cable to the scanner

The scanner interconnection cable connects the scanner to the RI10 or RI11 interface box (or Lowrance HDS U.S only). The cable connects to the scanner using a 14 pin connector.

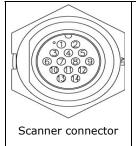
Protect the connectors when pulling cable through the boat and avoid putting strain on to the connectors.

The interconnection cable is 9 mm in diameter. A 14 mm hole will be required in order for the RJ45 connector to pass through (Interface box end) or 24 mm for the scanner end connector.

- Run the interconnection cable between the scanner and the location of the radar interface hox
- Insert cable connector on to the male 14 pin plug on the scanner.
- Take care to align the connector correctly to avoid bending the pins. Secure the locking collar by rotating clockwise until it clicks.
- Feed and secure the cable into the cable retention channel.



Scanner Interconnection cable pin out





Cable connector

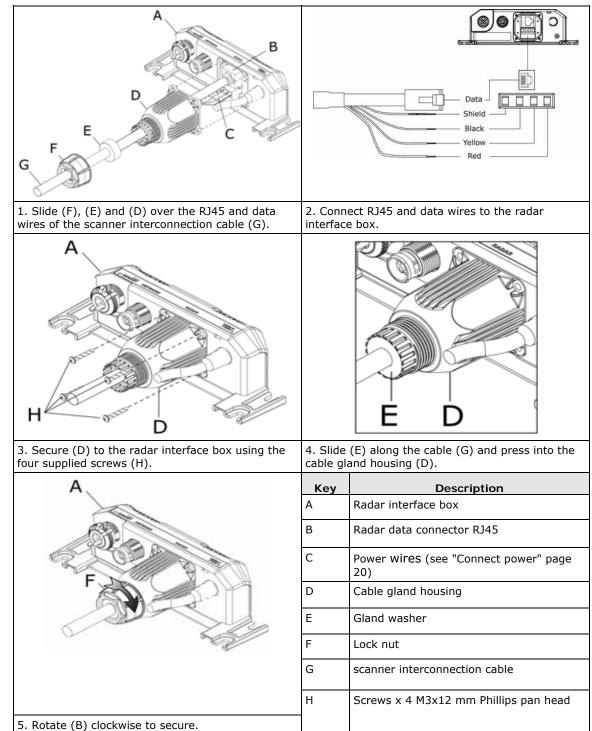
Diameter = 23 mm

Pin-out			
Conn	Wire color	RJ45	
1	Black	Tinned wire	
2	Red	Tinned wire	
3	Yellow	Tinned wire	
4	Drain	Tinned wire	
5	N/A	N/A	
6	Blue	RJ45 Pin 4	
7	White / Blue	RJ45 Pin 5	
8	White / Brown	RJ45 Pin 7	
9	Brown	RJ45 Pin 8	
10	White / Green	RJ45 Pin 3	
11	N/A	N/A	
12	White / Orange	RJ45 Pin 1	
13	Green	RJ45 Pin 6	
14	Orange	RJ45 Pin 2	

#### Connect the interconnection cable to radar interface box

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To connect interconnection cable to Lowrance HDS (USA only) (see "Connect the Broadband radar to your display" page 16)





To remove the scanner interconnection cable, follow the above procedure in reverse order.



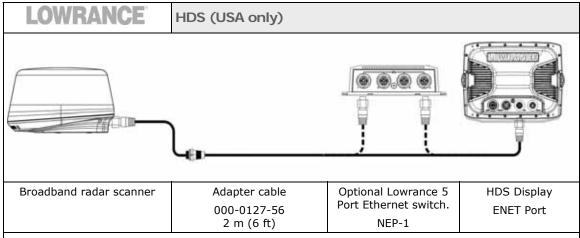
To avoid damaging the connectors when removing the scanner interconnection cable, it is important to remove the cable gland washer before trying to remove the cable gland housing.

## Shortening the cable

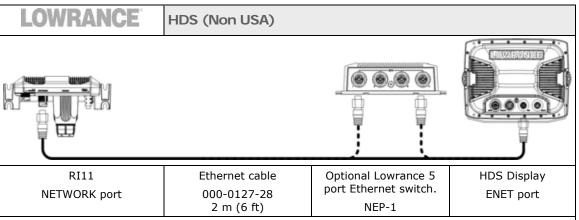
It is not recommended to shorten the cable, but if it is essential, use the pin-out below to reterminate the RJ45 connector  $\,$ 

RJ45 Connector			
RJ45 crimping to			
P8	P1	1	White/Orange
			Orange
		3	White/Green
		4	Blue
		5	White/Blue
		6	Green
		7	White/Brown
	8		Brown
RJ45 Connector	15 mm Heat shrink (10 mm dia)		

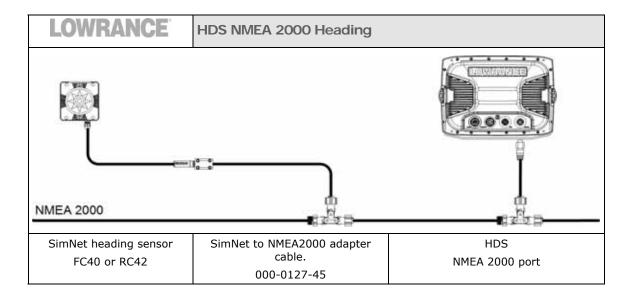
## Connect the Broadband radar to your display

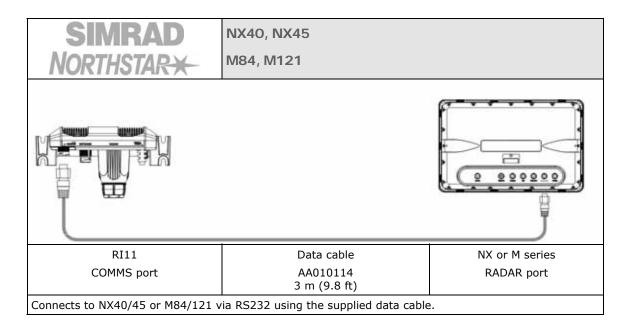


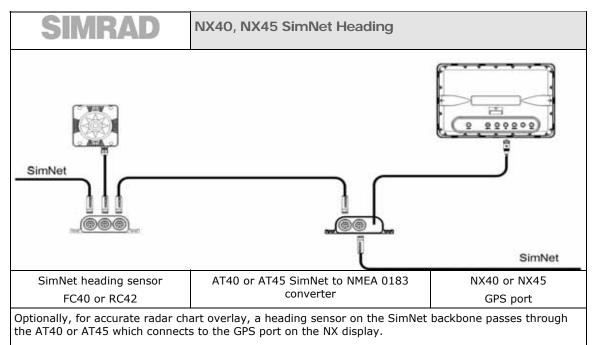
Lowrance broadband radar in the United States does not require a radar interface box. The scanner connects directly the display or Ethernet switch via the adapter cable.

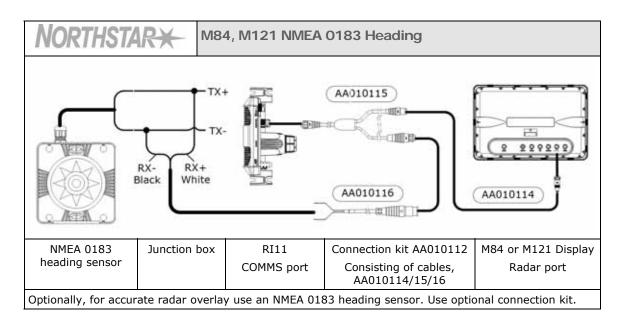


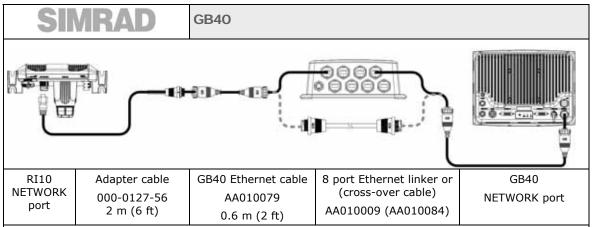
Lowrance Broadband radar outside the USA requires a RI11 interface box. This connects to HDS display via Ethernet either directly into the ENET port on the display or by using an optional 5 port Ethernet switch. An additional Ethernet cable will be required.



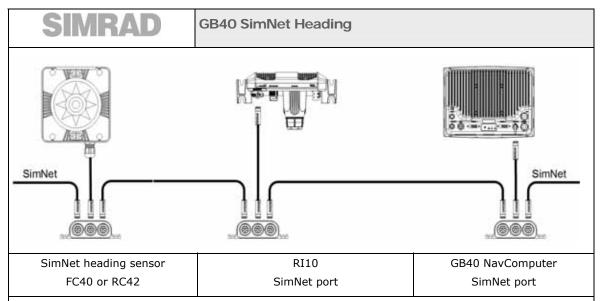




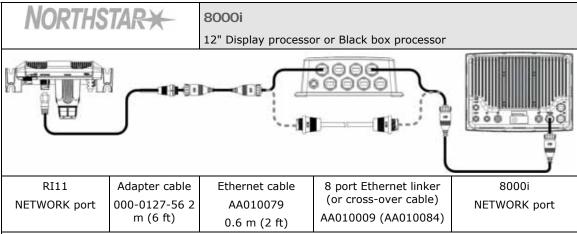




Connects to GB40 system via Ethernet. Connect a GB40 Ethernet cable in between 8 port Ethernet linker (or crossover cable) and supplied adapter cable. Use only GB40/8000i Ethernet cables. (Order separately) Max Ethernet cable length from RI10 box to switch/display is 50 m.



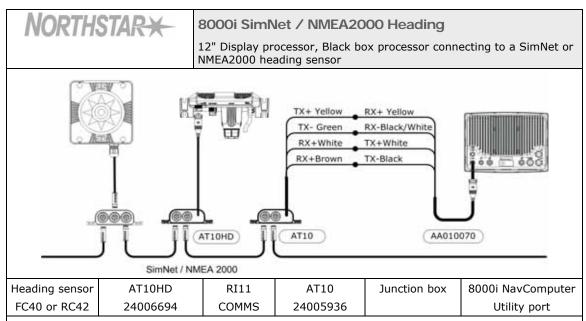
For MARPA functionality on GB40, heading information at 10 Hz needs to be sent to both the RI10 and the GB40 NavComputer. Connect a SimNet drop cable from the Simnet backbone to the RI10 and connect to the COMS port (SimNet connector). For connecting NMEA 0183 heading data to GB40 see 8000i NMEA 0183 Heading section below.



Connects to 8000i system via Ethernet. Connect 8000i Ethernet cable in between 8 port linker (or crossover cable) and supplied adapter cable. Use only 8000i/GB40 Ethernet cables. (Order separately) Max Ethernet cable length from RI11 box to switch/display is 50 m.

#### 8000i NMEA 0183 Heading 12" Display processor, Black box processor, or Simrad GB40 not using a SimNet heading sensor RX-RX+ RX-RX+ Black/ White Yellow Black/ White White AA010070 AA010070 NMEA 0183 Heading RI11 8000i NavComputer Junction Box Sensor COMMS port Utility port

For MARPA functionality, heading information at 10 Hz needs to be sent to both the RI11 and the master NavComputer. Use the 12 pin cable AA010070 cable from both units to a junction box to share the same heading source. (1x AA010070 ships with 8000i/GB40. Order separately for BR24)



For MARPA functionality, heading information at 10 Hz needs to be sent to both the RI11 and the master NavComputer. AT10HD (optional) connects to RI11 providing fast heading from SimNet or NMEA 2000 backbone. AT10 (optional) connects to the 12 pin Utility cable (AA010070) of the 8000i.

## Connect power

The Broadband radar can operate on 12 or 24 V DC systems. The Broadband radar requires a +V DC to be applied on the yellow power on wire in order to operate. This can be achieved in one of three ways.

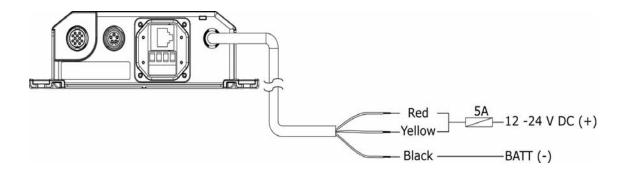
- Common the red and yellow wire together. Radar will power on when power is applied
- Use ignition or install a switch that will provide power to the yellow wire. (It is recommended to use a 5 amp fuse or breaker). The radar will turn on when switch is activated
- Connect the yellow wire to external wake up of suitable display. Radar will turn on when display is turned on

#### Before connecting power to the system:

- Make sure the scanner has been installed and is secured.
- Make sure the scanner interconnection cable is connected to the scanner.
- If using the Radar Interface Box make sure all connections have been made to the display.

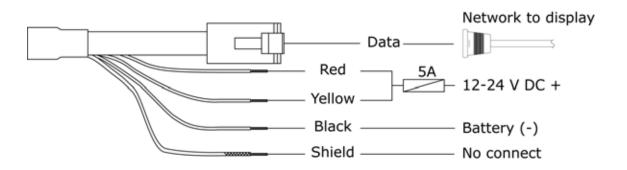
#### For systems using a radar interface box

- Connect the red wire to power positive 12 or 24 V DC. Use a 5 amp fuse or breaker.
- Connect the yellow wire to power source that will turn on the system (see above).
- Connect black to power negative.



#### For systems not using radar interface box (Lowrance HDS USA only)

- Connect the red wire to power positive 12 or 24 V DC. Use a 5 Amp fuse.
- Connect the yellow wire to power source that will turn on the system (see above).
- Connect black to power negative.



## 4 Configure displays to use radar

Setup and configuration of the Broadband radar has been simplified compared to traditional pulse radars. There is no zero range (time delay), no warm up time, and no burn in required.. The only adjustments needed are:

- Set the scanner height: This is to help the radar calculate for sea clutter.
- Adjust the heading marker. This is to align with the heading marker on the screen with the center line of the vessel, this will compensate for any slight misalignment of the scanner during installation. Any inaccuracy will be evident when using MARPA or chart overlay.

## Lowrance HDS radar setup

Enter radar installation by pressing Menu > Settings > Radar > Installation.

#### To set the antenna height:

• Use the Up / Down arrows to select antenna height from the menu. Use the Left / Right arrows to adjust the antenna height value. The value will represent the antenna height above sea level in the units that have selected such as feet or meters.

#### To start the radar:

Press pages > Radar > Radar State. Use cursor to edit the radar state. Select transmit to activate the radar.

#### To adjust the bearing alignment:

- Use the Up / Down arrows to select bearing alignment.
- Use the Left / Right arrows to adjst bring the heading line on the screen to represent the actual heading of the boat.
- Point the boat to the end of a head land or peninsular. Adjust the bearing alignment so the heading line touches the end of the same head land or peninsular.



For more operational information please refer to the HDS operation guide.

## Simrad GB40 / Northstar 8000i radar setup

#### To set antenna height

- Select Pages (Display 8000i) > Setup > Radar.
- Press edit and key in the height of the scanner above sea level in feet or meters depending on system units setting.
- Select Return.

#### To Transmit

- From the radar page select Radar Mode.
- Select Transmit.

#### To change the radar bearing alignment:

- Select Pages (Display 8000i). If you:
  - don't have a page that shows the Radar screen in one window and the Chart screen in the other window, edit or create a page that shows these two windows.
  - do have a page that shows the Radar screen in one window and the Chart screen in the other, select it.
- Check that the Chart has the Radar Overlay turned On.
- Select the Radar window so that it becomes active. If you can't see the Adjust Radar button, select Return.
- Select Adjust Radar, then select Installation.
- The Bearing Alignment button shows the current setting. Select it to change the setting.
   Use the Up and Down buttons to move the radar image one degree at a time, until the radar overlay is aligned with the chart.
- Select OK.
- Select Return.



Accurate heading data is required

Your display may need a software upgrade to get full functionality of the Broadband radar. Please contact your dealer for further information.

## Simrad NX40/45 or Northstar M84/M121 radar setup

Your display may need a software upgrade to get full functionality of the Broadband radar. Please contact your dealer for further information.

#### To enable the radar functionality:

- Press Setup (NX) or menu twice to display the Setup menu, then select System.
- Set Radar to .

When the radar is enabled, it will turn on, and enter standby mode.

#### Antenna height

• Press Menu twice > Radar > Installation

Select Antenna height then enter the height of the antenna above sea level.

#### Zero bearing

Adjust this on a chart window with the radar overlay on.

- Press Menu twice > Radar > Installation
- Select Zero bearing then use the arrow keys to enter the new bearing angle.

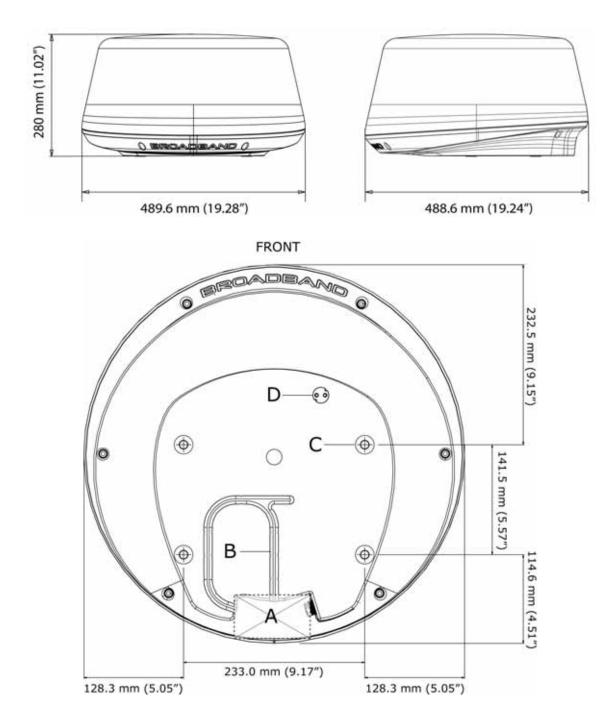


Accurate heading data is required

Your display may need a software upgrade to get full functionality of the Broadband radar. Please contact your dealer for further information.

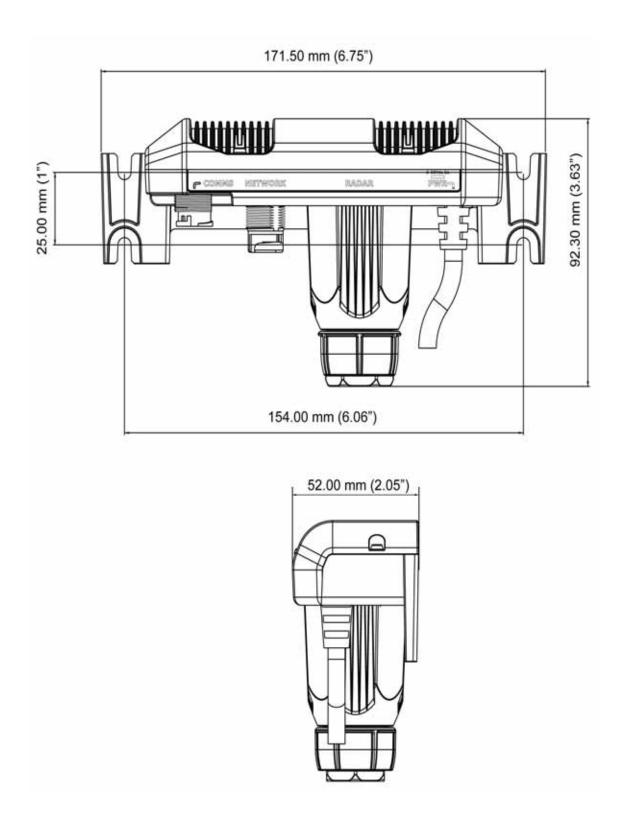
# 5 Drawings

## **Scanner dimensions**



Key	Description
Α	Cable entry area
В	Cable retention channel
С	Bolt holes x 4 M8 x 30 mm
D	Breather

## Radar interface box



# 6 Maintenance

Clean the radome using soapy water and a soft cloth. Avoid using abrasive cleaning products. Do not use solvents such as gasoline, acetone, M.E.K etc. as this will damage the dome surface.

After years of use the drive belt may have to be replaced.

Transmitter is solid state and will not require regular replacement as with an ordinary magnetron.

# 7 BR24 BroadBand radar scanner specifications

FCC Part 80 and Part 90; FCC ID: RAYBR24   IC ID: 4697A-BR24, CE Mark	Characteristic Technical Data				
Environmental  IEC60945 4th edition 2002-2008 Operating Temperature: -25° to +55°C (-13° to +130°F) Relative humidity: +35° C (95° F), 95% RH Waterproof: IPX6  Relative wind velocity  51 m/sec (Max:100 Knots) Power consumption (with 10 m cable) Operating: 19 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc Standby: 2 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc		FCC Part 80 and Part 90; FCC ID: RAYBR24			
Operating Temperature: -25° to +55°C (-13° to +130°F) Relative humidity: +35° C (95° F), 95% RH Waterproof: IPX6  Relative wind velocity  S1 m/sec (Max:100 Knots)  Power consumption (with 10 m cable)  Operating: 19 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc Standby: 2 W		IC ID: 4697A-BR24, CE Mark			
(-13° to +130°F) Relative humidity: +35° C (95° F), 95% RH Waterproof: IPX6  Relative wind velocity  51 m/sec (Max:100 Knots)  Power consumption (with 10 m cable)  Operating: 19 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc Standby: 2 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc ~ 150 ma  DC input (at end of radar cable)  Pv to 31.2 V DC (12/24 Volt systems). Reverse polarity protection  Transmitter Source (Pre-heating time)  No magnetron - Instant ON  Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm (Height 11" x Diameter 19.3")  Weight (no cable)  Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges  So m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation  24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency  X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time)  No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization  Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output  100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone  None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency  200 Hz  Sweep Repetition Frequency  200 Hz  Sweep Bandwidth  Arvand Rx antenna)  5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Elow -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211	Environmental	IEC60945 4th edition 2002-2008			
Relative humidity: +35° C (95° F), 95% RH Waterproof: IPX6  Relative wind velocity 51 m/sec (Max:100 Knots) Power consumption (with 10 m cable) Operating: 19 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc Standby: 2 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc ~ 150 ma  DC input (at end of radar cable) 9 v to 31.2 v DC (12/24 Volt systems). Reverse polarity protection  Transmitter Source (Pre-heating time ) No magnetron - Instant ON  Outside dimensions Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm (Height 11" x Diameter 19.3")  Weight (no cable) 7.4 kg (16.31 lbs)  Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges 50 m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation 24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time) No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output 100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency 200 Hz  Sweep Bandwidth 70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) 5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) 5.2° +/- 20% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependent)		Operating Temperature: -25° to +55°C			
Relative wind velocity 51 m/sec (Max:100 Knots)  Power consumption (with 10 m cable) Operating: 19 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc		(-13° to +130°F)			
Relative wind velocity  Power consumption (with 10 m cable)  Power consumption (with 10 m cable)  Derating: 19 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc Standby: 2 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc ~ 150 ma  Power consumption (with 10 m cable)  Powerse polarity protection  Transmitter Source (Pre-heating time)  No magnetron - Instant ON  Outside dimensions  Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm (Height 11" x Diameter 19.3")  Weight (no cable)  Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges  So m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation  24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency  X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time)  No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization  Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output  100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone  None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency  200 Hz  Sweep Bandwidth  70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211		Relative humidity: +35° C (95° F), 95% RH			
Power consumption (with 10 m cable) Operating: 19 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc Standby: 2 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc ~ 150 ma  DC input (at end of radar cable) PV to 31.2 V DC (12/24 Volt systems). Reverse polarity protection  Transmitter Source (Pre-heating time) No magnetron - Instant ON  Outside dimensions Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm (Height 11" x Diameter 19.3")  Weight (no cable)  Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges So m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation 24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time) No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization Horizontal polarization Transmitter peak power output 100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency 200 Hz  Sweep Time 1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth 70 MHz max Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) S.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width) Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°) Noise figure Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display) dependant) Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211		Waterproof: IPX6			
Standby: 2 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc ~ 150 ma  DC input (at end of radar cable)  P V to 31.2 V DC (12/24 Volt systems). Reverse polarity protection  Transmitter Source (Pre-heating time )  No magnetron - Instant ON  Outside dimensions  Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm (Height 11" x Diameter 19.3")  Weight (no cable)  Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges  So m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation  24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency  X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time)  No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization  Transmitter peak power output  100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone  None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency  200 Hz  Sweep Time  1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth  70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Ecomms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependent)  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211	Relative wind velocity	51 m/sec (Max:100 Knots)			
DC input (at end of radar cable)  P V to 31.2 V DC (12/24 Volt systems). Reverse polarity protection  Pransmitter Source (Pre-heating time)  No magnetron - Instant ON  Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm (Height 11" x Diameter 19.3")  Weight (no cable)  Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges  Radar Ranges  So m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation  24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency  X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time)  No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization  Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output  100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone  None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency  200 Hz  Sweep Time  1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth  70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211	Power consumption (with 10 m cable)	Operating: 19 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc			
Reverse polarity protection  Transmitter Source (Pre-heating time ) No magnetron - Instant ON  Outside dimensions Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm (Height 11" x Diameter 19.3")  Weight (no cable) 7.4 kg (16.31 lbs)  Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges 50 m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation 24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time) No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output 100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency 200 Hz  Sweep Time 1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth (Tx and Rx antenna) 5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) 5.2° +/- 20% (-3dB width)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna) Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)		Standby: 2 W (Typ.) @ 13.8 Vdc ~ 150 ma			
Transmitter Source (Pre-heating time )  Outside dimensions  Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm (Height 11" x Diameter 19.3" )  Weight (no cable)  7.4 kg (16.31 lbs)  Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges  50 m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation  24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency  X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time)  No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization  Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output  100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone  None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency  200 Hz  Sweep Time  1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth  70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths  (display dependant)	DC input (at end of radar cable)	9 V to 31.2 V DC (12/24 Volt systems).			
Outside dimensions Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm (Height 11" x Diameter 19.3")  Weight (no cable) 7.4 kg (16.31 lbs)  Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges 50 m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation 24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time) No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output 100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency 200 Hz  Sweep Time 1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth 70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) 5.2° +/-10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) 25°+/-20% (-3dB width)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna) Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)		Reverse polarity protection			
Height 11" x Diameter 19.3"	Transmitter Source (Pre-heating time )	No magnetron - Instant ON			
Radar and Antenna Parameters	Outside dimensions	Height 280 mm x Diameter 489 mm			
Radar and Antenna Parameters  Radar Ranges  So m (200 ft) to 24 nm with 17 range settings (nm/sm/km)  Rotation  24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency  X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time)  No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization  Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output  100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone  None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency  200 Hz  Sweep Time  1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth  70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths  (display dependant)		(Height 11" x Diameter 19.3" )			
Rotation 24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time) No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output 100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency 200 Hz  Sweep Time 1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth 70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) 5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) 25°+/-20% (-3dB width)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna) Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)	Weight (no cable)	7.4 kg (16.31 lbs)			
Rotation 24 rpm +/- 10%  Transmitter frequency X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz  Transmitter source (warmup time) No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Plane of polarization Horizontal polarization  Transmitter peak power output 100 mW nominal  Main bang dead zone None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency 200 Hz  Sweep Time 1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth 70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) 5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) 25°+/-20% (-3dB width)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna) Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211	Radar and A	Antenna Parameters			
Transmitter frequency Transmitter source (warmup time) No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON Plane of polarization Horizontal polarization Transmitter peak power output 100 mW nominal Main bang dead zone None- not a pulse radar Sweep Repetition Frequency 200 Hz Sweep Time 1 ms Sweep Bandwidth 70 MHz max Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna) Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna) Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°) Noise figure  Comms/Cabling/Mounting Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial Heading NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependent)	Radar Ranges				
Transmitter source (warmup time)  Plane of polarization  Transmitter peak power output  Main bang dead zone  Sweep Repetition Frequency  Sweep Repetition Frequency  Sweep Bandwidth  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Noise figure  Toms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON  Horizontal polarization  Horizontal polarization  None- not a pulse radar  200 Hz  Sweep Repetition Frequency  1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth  70 MHz max  5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths  (display dependant)	Rotation	24 rpm +/- 10%			
Plane of polarization  Transmitter peak power output  Main bang dead zone  Sweep Repetition Frequency  Sweep Time  Sweep Bandwidth  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Noise figure  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211  (display dependant)	Transmitter frequency X-band - 9.3 to 9.4 Ghz				
Transmitter peak power output  Main bang dead zone  None- not a pulse radar  Sweep Repetition Frequency  200 Hz  Sweep Time  1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths  (display dependant)	Transmitter source (warmup time)	No Magnetron - all solid state. Instant ON			
Main bang dead zone  Sweep Repetition Frequency  Sweep Time  Sweep Bandwidth  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Noise figure  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  Heading  None- not a pulse radar  200 Hz  1 ms  70 MHz max  70 MHz max  5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  25°+/-20% (-3dB width)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°);Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211	Plane of polarization	Horizontal polarization			
Sweep Repetition Frequency  Sweep Time  1 ms  Sweep Bandwidth  70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  25°+/-20% (-3dB width)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)	Transmitter peak power output	100 mW nominal			
Sweep Bandwidth  70 MHz max  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  5.2° +/- 10% (-3dB width)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  5.2° +/- 20% (-3dB width)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)	Main bang dead zone	None- not a pulse radar			
Sweep Bandwidth  Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)	Sweep Repetition Frequency	200 Hz			
Horizontal Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)	Sweep Time 1 ms				
Vertical Beam width (Tx and Rx antenna)  Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)					
Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°); Below -24dB (outside ±10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)					
#10°)  Noise figure  Less than 6 dB  Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol  High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading  NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)					
Comms/Cabling/Mounting  Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)  (display dependant)	Side lobe level (Tx and Rx antenna)  Below -18 dB (within ±10°);Below -24dB (outs				
Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211	Noise figure	Less than 6 dB			
Comms Protocol High speed Ethernet or Serial  Heading NMEA0183 / NMEA2000 / SimNet with interface box  Inter Connecting cable standard lengths (display dependant)  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211	Comms/0	Cabling/Mounting			
Inter Connecting cable standard lengths  (display dependant)  Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211		7 - 7			
(display dependant)	-				
(display dependant) Simrad, Northstar 20 m (65.6 ft) AA010212	Inter Connecting cable standard lengths	Lowrance 10 m (33 ft) AA010211			
	(display dependant)	Simrad, Northstar 20 m (65.6 ft) AA010212			
Maximum Inter Connecting cable length 30 m (98.5 ft) optional cable AA010213					
Bolts (4) M8 x 30 mm - 304 stainless steel	Bolts (4)				
Footprint W233 mm (9.17") (port / starboard) x L141.5 mm		(5.55") (matches Garmin GMR18HD / Raymarine RD218			
Compatible Displays	Compa	atible Displays			
Simrad GB40 - 10", 15" Simrad NX40/45 - 8", 12"					
Northstar 8000i - 12", 15" Northstar M84/M121 - 8", 12"	Northstar 8000i - 12", 15" Northstar M84/M121 - 8", 12"				
Lowrance HDS - 5", 7", 8". 10" ** Specifications subject to change without notice.	Lowrance HDS - 5", 7", 8". 10"	Lowrance HDS - 5", 7", 8". 10" ** Specifications subject to change without notice.			

# Navico Broadband radar part numbers

Broadband radar scanner part numbers					
Model	Part Number	Description	Length		
	Scanner				
BR24	AA010186	Broad band radar scanner			
		Interface boxes			
RI10	AA010189	Broadband radar SimNet interface box			
RI11	AA010204	Broadband radar serial interface box			
		Scanner cables			
	AA010211	Broadband scanner interconnection cable	10 m (33 ft)		
	AA010212	Broadband scanner interconnection cable	20 m (65.6 ft)		
	AA010213	Broadband scanner interconnection cable	30 m (98.5 ft)		
		Ethernet cables			
	000-00127-56	Adapter cable: yellow Ethernet male to RJ45 female	2 m (6.5 ft)		
	AA010079	Navico Ethernet cable for GB40 and 8000i	0.5 m (1.6 ft)		
	AA010080	Navico Ethernet cable for GB40 and 8000i	2 m (6.5 ft)		
	AA010081	Navico Ethernet cable for GB40 and 8000i	5 m (16.4 ft)		
	AA010082	Navico Ethernet cable for GB40 and 8000i	10 m (33 ft)		
	AA010083	Navico Ethernet cross-over cable F/F for GB40 and 8000i	0.3 m (1 ft)		
	000-00127-28	Navico Ethernet cable E-Yellow-E-Yellow for Lowrance	0.6 m (2 ft)		
		Data cables			
	AA010070	Utility cable, 12 pin F / tinned wires for GB40/8000i	2 m (6.5 ft)		
	AA010114	HD serial comms cable for NX40/45 and M84/121	3 m (9.8 ft)		
		NMEA - SimNet Converters			
AT10	24005936	AT10 NMEA0183 / SimNet converter			
AT10HD	24006694	AT10HD NMEA0183 / SimNet converter. 10 Hz heading data only			



849 NW State Road 45 Newberry FL 32669 352-472-5500 F: 352-472-2030

info@timcoengr.com www.timco.cc

## REPORT

## Compliance to RF exposure requirements of OET 65

APPLICANT	NAVICO AUCKLAND LTD	
ADDRESS	3-5 OMEGA STREET, BUILDING A ALBANY 0632 AUCKLAND NEW ZEALAND	
TEL	011-64-9-925-4500	
FCC ID	RAYBR24	
MODEL NUMBER	AA010186	
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	BR-24 BROADBAND RADAR SCANNER	
DATE SAMPLE RECEIVED	11/4/2008	
DATE TESTED	11/5/2008	
TESTED BY	Mario de Aranzeta	
APPROVED BY	Mario de Aranzeta	
TIMCO REPORT NO.	RX EXPOSURE REPORT	
TEST RESULTS	PASS	

THE ATTACHED REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL WITHOUT THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF TIMCO ENGINEERING, INC.

THE RESULTS HEREIN RELATE ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED



Testing Certificate 0955-01

APPLICANT: NAVICO AUCKLAND LTD

RAYBR24 FCC ID:

REPORT #: X:\N\NAVICO AUCKLAND RAY\2185AUT8\RF EXPOSURE REPORT.doc

Descrip	otion o	of Test	Article	ż
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DUT Description	BR-24 Broadband Radar Scanner
Model Number	AAO10186
Operating Frequencies	9300 to 9500 MHz
DUT Power Source	☐ 120 Vac/50/60 Hz
	240 Vac 50/60 Hz
Power Output	0.026 Watts average
	☑ DC Power
	☐ Battery Operated Exclusively
Test Item	Prototype
	☑ Pre-Production
	☐ Production
Type of Equipment	Fixed
	Mobile
	Portable

APPLICANT: NAVICO AUCKLAND LTD

FCC ID: RAYBR24
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#### General Remarks

#### Summary

The device under test does:

fulfill the requirements as identified in this test report not fulfill the requirements as identified in this test report

This equipment has been tested in accordance with the standards identified in the referenced test report. To the best of my knowledge and belief, these tests were performed using the measurement procedures described in this report.

I attest that the necessary measurements were made by me or under my supervision, at TIMCO ENGINEERING, INC. located at 849 N.W. State Road 45, Newberry, Florida 32669 USA.

All Timeo instrumentation and accessories used to test products for compliance to the indicated standards are calibrated regularly in accordance with ISO 17025:2005 requirements.

Timco Engineering Inc. 849 NW State Road 45 Newberry, Fl 32669

Authorized Signatory Name and Title: Mario de Aranzeta, Compliance Engineer



## **Authorized Signature:**



Testing Certificate #0955-1

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